

Mark

IGNATIUS CATHOLIC STUDY BIBLE QUESTIONS

Welcome

“You are approaching the ‘word of God’. But for thousands of years, ... the Word of God has been approaching you.”

The following guide is provided to enhance your reading of the Gospel according to Saint Mark using the *Ignatius Catholic Study Bible*. If you are new to this resource or to reading the Bible, we recommend you read the general Introduction before you begin. It explains what it means that Scripture is the Word of God as well as how we understand and interpret it as Catholics. It also introduces the special features of the Study Bible and tells how they can enrich your reading and study. Additionally, the *Introduction to the Gospels* will provide valuable context for your reading.

A simple rhythm of prayer followed by reading and reflection is offered below to guide you through the book one chapter at a time. Questions draw attention to key footnotes and word studies to lead you into a deeper understanding of what you read and then prompt you to consider how to apply what you have learned. For a deeper dive, take advantage of additional features as you go: not just the other footnotes but also cross-references to Scripture and the *Catechism of the Catholic Church (CCC)* that are provided above the footnotes as well as any maps, charts, or essays that are not touched on in the questions.

Don't miss these helpful icons as you read! They highlight footnotes that pertain to the Church's criteria for interpreting Scripture (see CCC 112–14):



Be attentive to the content and unity of Scripture

Notes marked with a Bible icon connect Old Testament passages and New Testament mysteries, fostering appreciation for God's unified plan.



Read Scripture in light of the Church's living tradition

This icon marks notes drawn from the Holy Spirit's guidance of Church teaching and the spiritual senses of scripture. Here you'll find official teaching as well as interpretations from Fathers, Doctors, and saints of the Church.



Be attentive to the “analogy of faith”

Explore notes marked with an icon of keys to learn how the mysteries of faith, revealed in Scripture and defined by the Church, clarify and connect with one another in a unified, coherent way.

May God bless you as you read his word!

of God,* did not count equality with God a thing to be grasped,⁷ but emptied himself,[†] taking the form of a servant,[‡] being born in the likeness of men.[§] And being found in human form he humbled himself and became obedient unto death, even death on a cross.[¶] Therefore God has highly exalted him and bestowed on him the name which is above every name,^{||} that at the name of Jesus every knee should bow, in heaven and on earth and under the earth,^{|||} and every tongue confess that Jesus Christ is Lord, to the glory of God the Father.

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12 Therefore, obeyed, so now much more in salvation with f work in you, bo pleasure.
14 Do all th tioning,¹⁵ that y children of God crooked and per

2:9–11: Rom 10:9; 14:9; Eph 1:20–21. 2:13: 1 Cor 15:10. 2

2:7 emptied himself: The Greek verb *kenōō* means “empty out” or “render void”. The idea is, not that Christ divested himself of divinity when he united himself with humanity, but that he restricted his rightful exercise of certain divine abilities during his earthly life and accepted certain limitations of the human condition. In effect, the Son of God made himself poor in order to make us rich with his grace (2 Cor 8:9) (CCC 472). • Christ emptied himself by compressing the glory of his Godhead within our smallness. What he always was remained perfect and incomprehensible, but what he assumed was in proportion to the measure of our nature (St. Gregory of Nyssa, *Against Apollinarius*).

2:8 death on a cross: The ultimate indignity. Death by crucifixion was the most awful and degrading form of criminal execution in the ancient world. The Romans reserved it for slaves and insurrectionists. See note on Mk 15:24.

2:9 exalted him: By raising him from the dead, enthroning him in heaven, and clothing his humanity with divine glory. A similar destiny awaits all who humble themselves as Jesus did (3:21; Lk 14:11).

2:10 every knee should bow: An allusion to the divine oath in Is 45:23. • Yahweh swore that all peoples, to the very end of the earth, would acknowledge his Lordship and bow before him in homage. Paul moves Christ into the center of this prophecy as the divine Lord destined to be revered by all. **heaven ... earth ... under the earth:** The three principal realms in the world view of ancient Israel (Ex 20:4). Homage will come from all creatures great and small—the angels and saints above, the family of man and beasts spread over the earth, and the dead and the demons of the underworld.

serious that we pur sense of awe at sen the prospect of sinn Encouragement con readers that God's g desire (intention) at 21; CCC 308) (CC “work”, he address and trembling”, he good deeds were th not boast of your g within you (St. Aug 2:15 pervers • Deuterono poetic lawsuit that and ingratitude du

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Prepare

Read the Introduction to Mark, paying particular attention to the *Structure* and *Themes* of this Gospel. What one thing stands out to you, that you would like to remember?

Read the Outline of Mark to get an overview of the book. What are its major divisions?

Pray

Use the following questions to guide your reading of Mark, going at a pace that is comfortable to you. Before you begin each new section, pray simply for the enlightenment of the Holy Spirit:

Come, Holy Spirit, open my heart to hear and receive these words as what they truly are, the Word of God. Enlighten my understanding and give me grace to put what I read into practice in my life. Amen.

Read and Reflect

Read and reflect on Mark as follows:

- Pray before you read
- Read a section of biblical text by itself
- Read the text again, referring to the notes that accompany the text
- For deeper understanding and to aid in applying what you read, answer the questions that follow. The references at the top of each numbered question correspond to particular notes.

At the end of each chapter, review what you have written and linger where you feel drawn, asking the Lord to speak to your heart and into your life. What do you hear? Respond in prayer and ask his help to live what you hear in your attitudes and actions this week.

Chapter 1



For Understanding

Word Study: *Repentance* (Mark 1:4).

- What does the Greek word *metanoia* mean?
- What does the New Testament use it to mean?
- If *metanoia* is a gradual process, how is it manifested?

Mark 1:11

- What Old Testament passages does the Father's announcement that Jesus is "my beloved Son" echo?
- What do they say about Jesus' identity?

Mark 1:12–13

- Though Mark provides few details of the temptation of Christ in the wilderness, what is the importance of some of the details he does provide, such as the presence of wild beasts, the leading into the desert by the Spirit, and the length of time spent there?

Mark 1:44

- What is the reasoning behind Jesus' strategy of warning demons and men to keep silent about his identity?



For Application

Mark 1:6, 12–13

- Both John the Baptist and Jesus follow practices of self-discipline for religious reasons. What self-disciplinary practices do you use for religious (not health or other personal) reasons?

- How have they influenced your own “change of heart” (repentance)?

Mark 1:7

- John the Baptist admits that he is not worthy to do even menial tasks for the Messiah. How does humility (the knowledge that you are not worthy of God) differ from feelings that you have no self-worth (self-loathing)?

- How does true humility enhance your self-worth in God's sight?

Mark 1:20

- Zebedee's sons immediately left their father and his business to follow Jesus. How radical is your own response to his call? How rapid is it?

Mark 1:35

- Jesus gets up well before daylight to pray in a remote spot. What do you imagine that the Son of God prayed about, and how might he have prayed?

- How frequently do you pray, and when, and where?

- What do you do when you pray?

Reflect

After reading and reflecting on this chapter, I hear the Lord saying to me:

My prayer response to him:

Chapter 2



For Understanding

Mark 2:15–28

- This chapter outlines three controversies between the Pharisees and Jesus. What were they?

Topical Essay: *Who Are the Pharisees?*

- How does understanding the background of the Pharisees' quest for personal holiness cast the clashes between them and Jesus in a whole new light?
- What were the Pharisees trying to accomplish as opposed to what Jesus was trying to accomplish?
- In the end, if Jesus' conflicts with the Pharisees had little to do with disagreements over the Law, what did it have to do with?

Mark 2:19

- Why is it inappropriate for Jesus' disciples to fast when the bridegroom is among them?

- Why do Christians fast before Communion?

Mark 2:26

- Why does Jesus “mistakenly” refer to Abiathar as high priest in David’s reign, when the high priest at the time was actually Ahimelech?

- What is the significance of Abiathar?



For Application

Mark 2:5

- Jesus responds to the faith of the paralytic’s friends by forgiving the sick man’s sins. As you reflect on your own life, how does sin tend to paralyze you spiritually?

- How does forgiveness of sin heal that paralysis?

Mark 2:17

- Jesus has not come to call the righteous but sinners. In your heart of hearts, to which of the two classes do you think you belong?

Mark

- Do you really look on yourself as a sinner or as someone who is good?

Mark 2:27

- What is your attitude toward the requirement to attend Mass on Sunday?

- What about the Church's prohibition of servile work?

- Do you see these requirements and prohibitions as making you fit the Sabbath or as a way of making the Sabbath for you?

Reflect

After reading and reflecting on this chapter, I hear the Lord saying to me:

My prayer response to him:

Chapter 3



For Understanding

Mark 3:14

- What is the significance of the number of apostles Jesus appointed?

Mark 3:22

- Who is Beelzebul to the scribes?

- Why did the scribes accuse Jesus of casting demons out by the power of Beelzebul?

Mark 3:29

- If all sin can be forgiven in principle, why does Jesus refer to blasphemy against the Holy Spirit as an eternal sin?

- What sin in the Old Testament prefigures this sin?

Mark 3:35

- What is the criterion Jesus gives for being his brother, sister, or mother?

Mark

- What then is his attitude to his biological mother, who has accompanied those relatives desirous of seizing him (v. 22)?



For Application

Mark 3:5

- What makes Jesus angry in this passage?

- What is there about your own life that might provoke this sort of anger in him?

Mark 3:19b–21

- Why did Jesus' relatives think he was "beside himself"?

- Have you ever been criticized for "being too religious", or have you yourself criticized others for that? If either is the case, what do you think is the problem?

Mark 3:24–27

- Who is the "strong man" in verse 27?

- If a “strong man” has gained a foothold in some area of your life, how can you bind him?

Mark 3:31–34

- If you want to be a kinsman of Jesus, what will it take for you to be accepted as one?

Reflect

After reading and reflecting on this chapter, I hear the Lord saying to me:

My prayer response to him:

Chapter 4



For Understanding

Mark 4:2

- How do Jesus’ parables both conceal and reveal his message?

Mark 4:11

- Why does Jesus explain the parables to his disciples but not to anyone else?

- According to the Second Vatican Council, what is Jesus ensuring in this way?

Mark 4:30–32

- What does Jesus intend the parable of the Mustard Seed to depict?

- From what Old Testament imagery is his imagery drawn?

Mark 4:35–41

- Why were the disciples “filled with awe” at Jesus’ calming of the raging sea?

- What is the Old Testament background of this incident?



For Application

Mark 4:9

- How good are your spiritual ears?

Mark

- How do you hear the word of God?

- How do you know that you are hearing Jesus correctly?

Mark 4:12

- How do you understand Jesus' use of irony in this passage?

- When you hear and understand what God is telling you, what kinds of changes in your life does his word entail?

- Does your understanding cause you to want to change or to ignore the message because you might need to change?

Mark 4:13

- Jesus asks his disciples how they will understand any parable if they do not understand the parable of the Sower. As you listen to God's word for your life, what are the benchmarks you use for understanding?

- Where are you most likely to misunderstand?

Mark 4:24–25

- How does this “use it or lose it” spiritual principle apply to your life?

Reflect

After reading and reflecting on this chapter, I hear the Lord saying to me:

My prayer response to him:

Chapter 5



For Understanding

Mark 5:9

- Why is the name “Legion” significant for the spiritual state of the Gerasene demoniac?

- On an allegorical level, what does the demoniac represent?

Mark 5:13

- How is the fate of the swine in the Gerasene incident like that of Pharaoh's army in Ex 14:26–28?

Mark 5:21–43

- How are the two miracle stories in this passage linked?

Mark 5:25

- Aside from the medical difficulties, what were the legal consequences of the woman's flow of blood?

- How does Jesus remove the problem?



For Application

Mark 5:15

- What do you think made the citizens of Gerasa afraid when they saw the former demoniac clothed and in his right mind?

- What has God done in your life or that of your family that has inspired a similar fear?

Mark 5:18–19

- Why do you think Jesus refused to let the healed demoniac accompany him?

- Have you ever felt a desire to serve God that God did not seem to let you exercise? What came of it?

Mark 5:25–28

- What attitude to Jesus' power does the woman with the flow of blood have, despite her experience with doctors?

- What can that attitude teach you about faith?

Mark 5:36

- What does Jesus “ignore” in this passage? (Compare this approach with what he does in v. 40.) What does he tell the dead girl's father?

- What might God advise you to ignore in order to exercise faith?

Reflect

After reading and reflecting on this chapter, I hear the Lord saying to me:

My prayer response to him:

Chapter 6



For Understanding

Mark 6:7–13

- According to St. Gregory the Great, what is the significance of sending the disciples out in pairs?
- What are the “twin precepts of charity”?

Mark 6:23

- In what sense is the oath of Herod Antipas the mirror opposite of a similar scene in Esther 5:8, 7:1?

Mark 6:35–44

- How does the miracle of the loaves look both backward and forward?

- What other passage in Mark uses the same sequence of verbs to describe Jesus' actions?

Mark 6:41

- What is the significance of Jesus giving the multiplied loaves to the apostles to distribute?



For Application

Mark 6:1–6

- How does envy impede faith?

- Why does your envy at others' success keep Jesus from answering your prayers?

Mark 6:30–32

- When was the last time you made a retreat?

- Why might Jesus invite you to make a retreat?

Mark 6:34

- What was Jesus' reaction when he saw that his plans to take the apostles to a lonely spot for a rest were ruined by the crowds?
- What would be your reaction under similar circumstances?
- What does Jesus teach you here?

Mark 6:50–51

- What does Jesus tell his disciples when they see him walking on the water?
- What does he do, and what happens next?
- What does Jesus say and do when the winds of contrary events rise in your life?

Reflect

After reading and reflecting on this chapter, I hear the Lord saying to me:

My prayer response to him:

Chapter 7



For Understanding

Mark 7:11

- Why does Jesus condemn the contemporary practice of declaring one's personal possessions Corban, or dedicated to God?

Mark 7:19

- In what two ways does Jesus set aside the distinctions between clean and unclean?

- What effect does his pronouncement have on the relationship between Jewish and Gentile Christians?

Mark 7:21

- Why does Jesus place the source of defilement within the heart of a person rather than, say, the imagination?

Mark 7:27

- Why does Jesus say that the children must be fed before the dogs when the Tyrian woman requests that he heal her daughter?
- What does the term “dog” indicate in this passage?
- What does the woman’s reply reveal about her?



For Application

Mark 7:6–7

- How much of your prayer during the liturgy amounts to little more than lip service?
- How do you cope with distractions during Mass?

Mark

- What do you bring to the liturgy so as to draw your heart near to God?

Mark 7:9–13

- How well do you obey the command to honor your parents?

- What do you do to show them honor?

- What practices (habits, family or social customs, religious duties, reactions to past events, or character traits) have impeded your duty to your parents?

Mark 7:15–23

- Where is Jesus placing the responsibility for being clean—on the circumstances or on you?

- What events in your life might illustrate how things that come out of you make you clean or unclean?

Mark 7:33

- Why do you think Jesus took the man aside to heal him in private?

- How has Jesus dealt privately with you (rather than treating you as part of a group)?

Reflect

After reading and reflecting on this chapter, I hear the Lord saying to me:

My prayer response to him:

Chapter 8



For Understanding

Mark 8:6

- What is the significance of the Greek word used to translate “give thanks” in this verse?

Mark 8:19–21

- What is the most probable view of the symbolism that underlies the two miracles of the loaves and the number of baskets collected in each?

Mark 8:22–26

- Why does Jesus heal the blind man in stages?

- How does St. Jerome view the meaning of this passage?

Mark 8:34

- How graphic is Jesus' use of imagery here to his audience?

- What does the image of “taking up one's cross” communicate to them?



For Application

Mark 8:17–18

- How have you failed to perceive or closed your mind to understanding what God is doing in your life?

- How have you heard Jesus' correction, and what have you done about it?

Mark 8:26

- Compare the location of this miracle (Bethsaida) with what Jesus said about the town in Mt 11:21 and Lk 10:13. Why do you think that Jesus told the blind man, now healed, not to go into the village?
- How might Jesus want to separate you from your surroundings, and why?

Mark 8:33

- Why would Jesus rebuke Peter upon seeing his (Jesus') disciples?
- How might your attitudes toward the ways God acts affect others?

Mark 8:35

- In your experience, how can a person who wants to save his life actually lose it?
- How can a person who loses his life for the sake of Jesus actually save it?

- What do the verbs “saving” and “losing” mean in these paradoxes?

Reflect

After reading and reflecting on this chapter, I hear the Lord saying to me:

My prayer response to him:

Chapter 9



For Understanding

Mark 9:1

- What did Jesus mean by saying that some among his hearers would not taste death before the coming of the kingdom of God?

- When will the coming of the kingdom be complete?

Mark 9:11

- On what is the expectation of the “second coming” of Elijah based?

- What is the Old Testament context for the promise of Elijah’s return?

Mark 9:42–48

- Why does Jesus use hyperbole in connection with his remarks on avoiding sin?

Word Study: *Hell* (Mark 9:43).

- Why does Jesus associate hell with Gehenna?

- What had happened there before Jesus’ time?

- What was Gehenna used for in Jesus’ day?

- What other scriptural passages underscore the horrifying nature of hell?

Mark

- How does St. John Chrysostom view the meaning of these verses?



For Application

Mark 9:22–23

- How do you betray your lack of faith in God's power in your life?

Mark 9:26–27

- What pattern of healing do you see in this passage?

- How might it apply to your life?

Mark 9:35–37

- What does it mean for you to be “first of all” by being the “last of all”?

- In whose name must the little child be received?

- What kind of person would that “little child” be in your life?

Mark 9:42–48

- What is your besetting weakness, the area where you are most likely to sin?

- What have you done to correct it?

- How do your efforts compare with the solutions Jesus suggests?

Reflect

After reading and reflecting on this chapter, I hear the Lord saying to me:

My prayer response to him:

Chapter 10



For Understanding

Mark 10:6

- According to the passages in Genesis to which Jesus alludes, what are three characteristics of the marital bond?

- Why can it not be broken by any civil or religious authority?

Mark 10:14

- What is the connection between Jesus' blessing of the children and the prohibition of divorce in vv. 11–12?

Mark 10:38

- What is the “baptism” James and John are to be baptized with?

- What forms did that baptism take in their lives?

Word Study: *Ransom* (Mark 10:45).

- How is the concept of a ransom connected with family relations in the Old Testament?
- How does God in the Old Testament fulfill that family obligation?
- How does Jesus fulfill it in the New Testament?



For Application

Mark 10:1–12

- How might it be “hardness of heart” to use religious regulations to advance your own desires?
- How does the issue of divorce illustrate hardness of heart?
- How does acceptance of God’s plan remove hardness of heart?

Mark 10:22–27

- How many “possessions” do you have?

- How do they affect your relationship to Jesus?

- How dismayed are you when he asks you to give them up?

Mark 10:35–40

- How does Jesus answer the prayer of his own disciples here?

- What can you learn about your own prayer when God’s answer seems to be No?

Mark 10:47

- What can you learn about prayer from the attitude and approach of the blind man Bartimaeus?

Reflect

After reading and reflecting on this chapter, I hear the Lord saying to me:

My prayer response to him:

Chapter 11



For Understanding

Mark 11:8–10

- What three details surrounding the triumphal entry into Jerusalem recall Psalm 118?

Mark 11:13

- Why does Jesus curse a fig tree when it is not even the season for figs?

Mark 11:15

- What is the problem Jesus finds with the merchants in the court of the Gentiles, since selling sacrificial animals there is admittedly a service to pilgrims?

Mark 11:17

- To which two passages from the Old Testament does Jesus' statement refer?

- How are both passages ultimately fulfilled?



For Application

Mark 11:1–6

- What is the most difficult or embarrassing thing Jesus has asked you to do?

- How have you responded to his request?

- What has been the outcome?

Mark 11:9–10

- What echoes of the Mass do you find in these verses?

- If the word “Hosannah” is Hebrew for “Lord, save”, would you have chosen that expression if you had been in the crowd celebrating Jesus’ entry into Jerusalem? If not, what would you have shouted, and why?

Mark 11:16

- What personal baggage do you “carry through the Temple area” when you come into it?

- Why do you think Jesus might forbid you to carry such baggage there?

Mark 11:21–22ff.

- Why do you think Jesus exhorts his disciples to “have faith in God” when Peter points out that the tree Jesus cursed has withered?

- Given the symbolism of the fig tree and Jesus’ cursing of it, what is the connection with a living faith?

Reflect

After reading and reflecting on this chapter, I hear the Lord saying to me:

My prayer response to him:

Chapter 12



For Understanding

Mark 12:1–9

- What two main points is the parable of the Wicked Tenants making?

- What do some of the details of the parable represent in the Jerusalem of Jesus' day?

Mark 12:26

- How does Jesus use Scripture to discuss the resurrection of the dead with the Sadducees?



For Application

Mark 12:17

- What in your life belongs to “Caesar” (the state, your career, your secular or social commitments), and what belongs to God?

- In terms of the time you spend on each, how much of your life actually is given to God?

Mark 12:26–27

- If God is the God not of the dead but of the living, what do you honestly believe about the fates of those you know who have died?

- What is your real opinion of what happens to you when you die?

- How does that compare with Church belief?

Mark 12:34

- What do you think Jesus meant by telling the scribe that he was “not far” from the kingdom of heaven?

- Was Jesus commenting on his understanding of theology or his faith?

- What would he say of yours?

Mark 12:41–4

- What is your approach to supporting the Church financially?

- What can you learn from Jesus' observation about the poor woman's contribution?

Reflect

After reading and reflecting on this chapter, I hear the Lord saying to me:

My prayer response to him:

Chapter 13



For Understanding

Mark 13:14

- What is the “desolating sacrilege”?

- To what historical event does the expression refer?

Mark 13:24–25

- How are we to understand Jesus’ warnings about cosmic disturbances if the dramatic events he describes are not to be taken literally?

Mark 13:30

- If the cosmic disturbances in vv. 24–25 are not to be taken literally, how do we understand Jesus’ reference to “this generation”?

Mark 13:35

- What are three levels of meaning to Jesus’ command to be watchful?



For Application

Mark 13:5–7

- What events or persons exist in the modern world that can deceive Jesus' disciples regarding “the end”?
- What effect, if any, have they had on your own view of God's plan?

Mark 13:13

- How hard is it for you to live your faith in your present circumstances?
- What does “persevering to the end” mean for you at this point in your life?

Mark 13:32–37

- The need for watchfulness is greatest when the environment seems friendly but only gradually becomes hostile to faith, hope, or love—rather like boiling the proverbial frog by slowly turning up the heat. How has your social or religious environment worsened in ways that you may not have noticed?
- How have you been affected by the changes?
- What need of watchfulness do you see?

Reflect

After reading and reflecting on this chapter, I hear the Lord saying to me:

My prayer response to him:

Chapter 14



For Understanding

Mark 14:22

- How does Jesus identify the unleavened bread of the Passover feast with his own flesh?

- What is the symbolism of breaking the unleavened bread?

Mark 14:24

- What is the significance of the phrase “blood of the Covenant” that Jesus uses when he blesses the chalice of wine?

Mark 14:55

- What was the origin and primary role of the Sanhedrin?
- Who belonged to it?
- Under Roman rule, what could the Sanhedrin do?
- What could it not do?

Word Study: *Christ* (Mark 14:61).

- Why was the expected deliverer called an “anointed one”?
- What ministries was the Messiah supposed to have?
- What are some of the Old Testament references to the roles and fate of the Messiah?



For Application

Mark 14:7–9

- How important is it for you to minister to Jesus, according to this passage?
- Why do you think Jesus said that the woman’s action would be told wherever the gospel is preached?
- What does her action teach you?

Mark 14:32–42

- Have you ever faced a serious trial that you knew you could not avoid? What was it?
- How did you approach it?
- How similar was your approach to that of Jesus in the garden?

Mark 14:38

- Even though the spirit of the apostles is “willing” (refer to v. 31), how did their weakness show itself?

Mark

- What are some examples in your own life of a similar willingness combined with similar weakness?

- What did you learn from it?

Mark 14:66–72

- How do you respond to your failure to live up to your own expectations for holiness?

- What do you imagine God's attitude toward you is at those times? (What is it, really, regardless of how badly you feel about it?)

Reflect

After reading and reflecting on this chapter, I hear the Lord saying to me:

My prayer response to him:

Chapter 15



For Understanding

Mark 15:11

- What is the irony in Barabbas' name?

- How does that contrast with the identity of Jesus?

Mark 15:24

- Where did the practice of crucifixion come from?

- What caused death for a crucified person?

- What parallels did the early Christians see between the Crucifixion of Jesus and the fate of Adam?

Mark 15:38

- What is the significance of the veil of the Temple?

- Why is its rending from top to bottom significant in view of the Jewish understanding of what the Temple stood for?

Mark 15:39

- Why is the centurion's confession about Jesus the high point of Mark's Gospel?



For Application

Mark 15:10

- Mark says that the Jewish leaders handed Jesus over to Pilate “out of envy”. Why would Mark choose that word rather than a more typical one, such as malice?

Mark 15:33

- Read Wis 17 in connection with this passage. What might the darkness indicate?
- Why would episodes of sin in your life be described as “dark”?

Mark 15:34

- Why do you think Jesus quotes Psalm 22?

Mark

- When you read the psalm, what do you notice about the way it ends?
- What might the ending suggest to you?

Reflect

After reading and reflecting on this chapter, I hear the Lord saying to me:

My prayer response to him:

Chapter 16



For Understanding

Mark 16:6

- How do the Scripture passages listed in the note for this verse show that the Resurrection is a work of the Trinity?

Mark 16:7

- What are two reasons Peter is singled out in this passage?

Mark 16:9–20

- What is unusual about these verses in terms of the ancient manuscripts?

- Why does the Church regard them as part of inspired Scripture?

Mark 16:15–16

- How does Mark’s account of the great commission tell the apostles to spread the gospel?



For Application

Mark 16:6–8

- Why did the women not obey the “young man”?

- What about that experience would make them want to keep things quiet?

Mark 16:11, 13

- According to the *Catechism* (CCC 643), the disciples' reaction of unbelief helps validate the historical nature of Jesus' Resurrection. How?

- What can you cite from your own experience that would explain how unbelief might confirm the truth of a claim?

Mark 16:17–18, 20

- How does your experience of the Christian life square with the experience of the charisms mentioned here?

- If you have these charisms, or know of someone who does, what should these “signs” point to in your/their life?

Reflect

After reading and reflecting on this chapter, I hear the Lord saying to me:

My prayer response to him:



Review and Respond

To complete your study of Mark, prayerfully read it straight through, focusing on the biblical text alone. What stands out to you?

Ask the Holy Spirit to speak to your heart. What is your response to him?